



Make it happen! contribute now

Don't Miss: Symptoms Of Climate Change Coal In The Northwest Oil In The Northwest Waypoints Blog

Investigative Documents Show Pilot Failed To Disclose Herbicides Used On Timberland

April 7, 2014 | OPB

1 / 6

CONTRIBUTED BY:



AMELIA TEMPLETON

IMAGES:



View Slideshow

Michelle Martin with her horses. Martin is concerned her horses were sickened as a result of herbicide exposure. | credit: Amelia Templeton | rollover image for more

UPDATE (Tuesday, April 8):

The Oregon Department of Agriculture confirmed Tuesday its investigation uncovered multiple violations of pesticide law by Pacific Air Research, including that the company allowed pesticides to fall on neighboring properties, according to a news release.

ODA also stated that Pacific Air Research applied an herbicide above the maximum amount allowed by the label and provided false records that misled the state's investigation. Both are violations that could result in civil penalties.

Because of the seriousness of the incident, ODA states, the agency is cooperating with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to address potential violations of federal pesticide law.

We'll be updating this story later today. The department has scheduled a news conference for 10 am Tuesday.

The helicopter pilot at the center of an aerial herbicide-spraying controversy in Southern Oregon applied a far wider variety of toxic chemicals than what he originally reported, according to newly released documents.

Those documents are part of an Oregon Department of Agriculture investigation that will be the subject of a media briefing Tuesday.

The investigation was launched last fall after ten families complained that Pacific Air Research and its helicopter pilot, Steve Owen, had allowed chemicals meant to kill vegetation at a nearby logging clearcut to reach their homesites in the nearby community of Cedar Valley.

LATEST HEADLINES

New Rules For Commercial Composting In Portland: Food Only

April 7, 2014 | by CASSANDRA PROFITA

'Silicon Forest' Could Gain New Meaning With High-Tech Uses For Trees

April 7, 2014 | by DEVAN SCHWARTZ

Researcher: Data Show Low Snowpack Years Will Happen More Frequently

April 7, 2014 | by ZACH URNESS

[view more headlines »](#)

Share 18

Facebook 3

Twitter 15

Email

RELATED ARTICLES

[Investigative Documents Show Pilot Failed To Disclose Herbicides Used On Timberlands](#)

by AMELIA TEMPLETON

[6 Things You Should Know About the Triangle Lake Pesticide Investigation](#)

by AMELIA TEMPLETON

[New Information Released In Southern Oregon Chemical Spraying Case](#)

by AMELIA TEMPLETON

Funding Provided by:

All of OPB's EarthFix Sponsors

Popular:

1. Popular Wristbands Could Record Chemical Exposure
2. Timber Company Says It Will Clearcut If It Buys Public Forestland
3. Landslide Mapping An Unfinished Task for Geologists
4. Oregon Company Defies State Order To Stop Work In Salmonberry River
5. New Information Released In Southern Oregon Chemical Spraying Case
6. Oregon Wave Energy Project Sinks
7. What Does The Plymouth Explosion Mean For LNG Proposals?
8. Living In The Shadow Of Landslide Risk

Owen had indicated in a report he submitted to the Oregon Department of Agriculture that he had sprayed the clearcut with only Roundup Original – an herbicide commonly used by householders and landscape professionals alike.

But documents from the Oregon Department of Agriculture investigation conclude that in addition to Roundup, Owen applied seven other herbicides: Oust XP, Weedone LV6 EC, Element 4, Arsenal, Polaris AC, Accord XRT II, and crop oil. The active ingredients in those herbicides are the chemicals glyphosate, sulfometuron methyl, 2,4-d ester, triclopyr, and imazapyr.

Owen did not respond to interview requests.

The families that filed the complaints reported seeing a helicopter pass over their homes, smelling an unfamiliar smell, and feeling ill on Oct. 16, the same day Owen was applying herbicides to the logging clearcut.

- **Read ODA's report on the Cedar Valley Investigation:**

To print the document, click the "Original Document" link to open the original PDF. At this time it is not possible to print the document with annotations.

None of the products the pilot was determined to have sprayed are considered dangerously toxic to humans. However, there are important differences between their health effects and those associated with Roundup, which is manufactured by Monsanto. For example:

- Triclopyr is one of relatively few herbicides than can be absorbed through human skin and can cause skin sensitization.
- Some forms of 2,4-D can cause serious eye damage. All forms of 2,4-D are particularly toxic to dogs. Several families in Cedar Valley reported sick pets and at least one dog is being treated by a veterinarian who believes its illness is the result of herbicide exposure.

To print the document, click the "Original Document" link to open the original PDF. At this time it is not possible to print the document with annotations.

9. Court Orders Agencies To Consider Fewer Hatchery Fish For The Elwha
10. Wash. Puts Release Of Hatchery Steelhead On Hold



Share your experiences as part of EarthFix's [Public Insight Network](#).

[Do you have experience with portable classrooms?](#)

[Oregon/Washington: Is there buzz in your community about coal trains or new export terminals?](#)

Join our [Public Insight Network!](#)

The pilot's amended report. Source: ODA

The pilot also appears to have initially failed to disclose to the ODA that he was working for two different timber landowners that day. The records show that Owen was spraying two units to the west of Cedar Valley that belonged to Crook Timberlands and a third unit to the southeast of Cedar Valley that belongs to a man named Joseph Kauffman.

GPS flight data obtained by the state shows that the pilot made at least six trips across the valley, ferrying chemicals from Crook's larger spray site to Kauffman's land. That detail corroborates first-hand accounts that the helicopter flew repeatedly over homes in the small community. [A Crook Timberland manager had previously denied that the helicopter flew over Cedar Valley homes that day.](#)

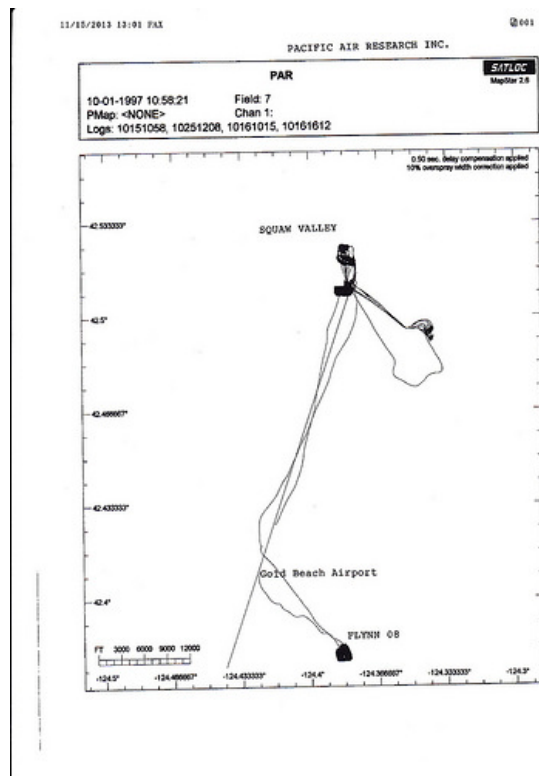
The Oregon Department of Agriculture released to OPB spray records, tests results, and emails concerning its investigation in response to a public records request.

The group Beyond Toxics had also filed a request for the records. ODA initially claimed the records were exempt from disclosure, but released them after the Oregon Department of Justice informed ODA it was required to do so, in response to an appeal filed by Beyond Toxics.

Residents in Cedar Valley say they have been trying for months to get the Oregon Department of Agriculture to provide information about their possible exposure to herbicides, and in December, with the help of Beyond Toxics, they filed a petition asking the Environmental Protection Agency and the Centers for Disease Control asking for an epidemiological study.

But in many cases, ODA's investigators did not share what they knew with the citizens who had filed complaints, according to these newly released documents.

For example, on Oct. 23, investigators met with John Burns, assistant chief of the local volunteer fire department and one of the Cedar Valley residents who complained of feeling ill. They collected



Investigators' map plotting location of Cedar Valley households that filed complaints, along with the two timber units sprayed on Oct. 16. Source: ODA

leaves from the apple trees in his yard to test for herbicides that might have drifted or dripped off target. The records show that the investigators received preliminary results from an ODA lab on Nov. 27 showing trace amounts of 2,4-D and triclopyr on the trees.

However, Burns said was not informed of the trace herbicides on his trees until April 3 — the same day OPB received documents through its public record request.

“The information that we have received from them has not been forthright and honest,” Burns says.

The documents also show that in October and early November, based on the pilot’s inaccurate application record, investigators and public health workers informed the complainants, Curry County Commissioner David Itzen, AP Reporter Jeff Barnard, and the National Pesticide Information Center that they believed Roundup Original was the product involved in the Cedar Valley incident. Health workers directed concerned Cedar Valley residents to pesticide fact sheets on glyphosate, the active ingredient in Roundup Original.

- **Read the original record submitted by Pacific Air Research, listing Round-Up as the only herbicide applied.**

Investigators appear to have made little effort to correct the public record when it became apparent, after chemical tests were conducted on the Crook Timberlands site, that Roundup was not the only chemical that had been sprayed.

For example, documents show that on Oct. 28, lead investigator Mike Odenthal wrote to Gary Hill, one of the complainants, and told him of the report that Glyphosate had been sprayed. In December, Hill wrote back to Odenthal, asking him for an update on the case and whether test results had confirmed what chemicals were used.

“When I have either called or written in the past, you have always been able to get back to me. But in this case, I have not heard from you,” Hill wrote.

“We are at a point in the investigation that we really can’t share a lot of information without compromising our case. We are still gathering evidence and reviewing it. As soon as we get to a place where we can release data I will get it to you,” Odenthal wrote back.

The newly released documents from the Department of Agriculture do not appear to support the claim, made by the advocacy group Beyond Toxics, that the agency failed to share what it knew with doctors and veterinarians in a timely manner.

Fern Fitzgerald, a Brookings veterinarian, has been treating a dog that may have been sickened by herbicide exposure in Cedar Valley. According to an email, ODA immediately provided Fitzgerald with the names and Environmental Protection Agency registration numbers of five products it believed had been sprayed in Cedar Valley. Fitzgerald confirmed to OPB that she received all the information she requested.

Oregon Department of Agriculture spokesman Bruce Pokarney has declined to answer questions while the investigation is ongoing. Asked if the state had made an effort to correct its initial reports that only glyphosate had been sprayed on the sites, Pokarney cited a statement made at a Pesticide Analytical Response Center board meeting in Salem on Jan. 15.

At that meeting, PARC Board Chairman Dale Mitchell stated that the agency was investigating five herbicide active ingredients: glyphosate, sulfometuron methyl, 2,4-d ester, triclopyr, and imazapyr. Mitchell refused to answer questions about the spray records or ODA’s lab results.

The records released to OPB from the case show ODA has found pilot Steve Owen and his company Pacific Air Research violated multiple regulations in the Cedar Valley spray incident. However, they do not indicate what penalty Owen will face.

Documents from the investigation are not conclusive about whether herbicides drifted from the logging clearcut to Cedar Valley or escaped from the helicopter while it flew over the community. The state’s investigators noted that during field visits to Cedar Valley they observed little evidence

to suggest herbicides had damaged vegetation in the community. The report did conclude that the helicopter made several passes over Cedar Valley while ferrying herbicides.

Rick Barnes is a Crook Timberlands manager. He declined to comment on the trace amounts of herbicides found on area residents' property. Barnes has said he's confident that no herbicide drifted off the clearcut and onto the property of Cedar Valley residents.

Correction: April 8, 2014. The Oregon Department of Justice ordered the state Department of Agriculture to release investigative records in response to an appeal filed by the group Beyond Toxics. Beyond Toxics' role in this process was not accurately portrayed in an earlier version of this story.

Related Links:

- [New Information Released In Southern Oregon Chemical Spraying Case](#)

© 2014 OPB

[Cedar Valley](#) [herbicides](#) [ODA](#) [glyphosate](#)

0 Comments [EarthFix](#)

 [Login](#) ▾

Sort by Newest ▾

[Share](#)  [Favorite](#) 

Be the first to comment.

 [Subscribe](#)

 [Add Disqus to your site](#)

About EarthFix

EarthFix is a public media project of Oregon Public Broadcasting and Idaho Public Television, KCTS 9 Seattle, KUOW Puget Sound Public Radio, Northwest Public Radio and Television, Southern Oregon Public Television and the Corporation for Public Broadcasting.



MORE:

- [Video](#)
- [Slideshows](#)
- [Audio](#)
- [Community](#)
- [Guidelines](#)

OUR CONTRIBUTORS:

- [Aaron Kunz](#)
- [Amelia Templeton](#)
- [Ashley Ahearn](#)
- [Cassandra Profita](#)
- [Courtney Flatt](#)
- [David Steves](#)
- [Katie Campbell](#)
- [Toni Tabora-Roberts](#)
- [Tony Schick](#)

CONTACT:

earthfix@opb.org

FOLLOW US:

